

## Fabrication of Dy<sup>3+</sup> Ion Doped Nano Crystalline Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Infrared Transparent Ceramics by a Microwave Sintering Technique

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Synthesis of high quality Dy<sup>3+</sup> ion doped Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> starting powder by a modified combustion technique followed by microwave sintering technique for the fabrication of high dense infrared transparent ceramics is presented in the paper. The as-prepared nanocrystalline powders are characterized using X-ray diffraction (XRD) to study their structure and phase. Dy<sup>3+</sup> ion is added to Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> matrix at different concentrations for tuning the physical properties and we have optimized a system Dy<sub>0.1</sub>Y<sub>1.9</sub>O<sub>3</sub> exhibiting relatively improved optical thermal, and transmittance and properties. All the peaks of Dy<sub>0.1</sub>Y<sub>1.9</sub>O<sub>3</sub> were indexed for a cubic structure with lattice parameter  $a = 10.623 \text{ \AA}$ . The average crystal size calculated for the sample using Debye-Scherrer's equation, is  $\sim 7.719 \text{ nm}$ . The Dy<sub>0.1</sub>Y<sub>1.9</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Nanoparticles are compacted to pellets using a hydraulic pressing followed by sintering using microwave energy in a microwave furnace at an optimum temperature 1530 °C and obtained an enhanced sintered density of 98.6% of theoretical density. The well sintered pellets are subjected to micron sized fine polishing, followed by thermal etching for carrying out the morphological investigations using Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM). The Poly crystalline Dy<sup>3+</sup> ion doped yttria ceramics (Dy<sub>0.1</sub>Y<sub>1.9</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) shows 76% transmittance in 3-8  $\mu\text{m}$  infrared regions. The result clearly indicates that Dy<sup>3+</sup> ion doped Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> sample can be effectively used to fabricate infrared transparent ceramics material.

### Biography:

Ms. Steffy Maria Jose is a first year Ph.D student in Materials Science and Nanotechnology at the University of Kerala, India. Prior to her present affiliation at the University of Kerala, she earned a Master's and M.Phil degree in Physics both from Mahatma Gandhi University, Kerala, India. She gained research interest during her Master's and M. Phil programme in Physics and gained basic knowledge in research methodology. Currently she is doing research in the synthesis of yttria based nanoceramics and composites for their applications as infrared transparent window materials for missile applications at the Electronic Materials Research Laboratory, Department of Physics, Mar Ivanios College (Autonomous), University of Kerala.