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## Novel benzothiazole-piperazine derivatives with anticancer activity

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New series of benzothiazole-piperazine derivatives are synthesized and their cytotoxic activities are evaluated on colorectal (HCT-116), breast (MCF-7) and hepatocellular (HUH-7) cancer cell lines by sulforhodamine B assay. Results are compared with 5-fluorouracil as reference compound.

Dihalo substituted compounds BTP-2 (*N*-(6-ethoxybenzothiazole-2-yl)-2-[4-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)piperazinyl]acetamide) (*HCT-116*:GI<sub>50</sub>=0.4  $\mu$ M; *HUH-7*: GI<sub>50</sub>=0.7  $\mu$ M; *MCF-7*: GI<sub>50</sub>=2.6  $\mu$ M) and BTP-7 (*N*-(6-ethoxybenzothiazole-2-yl)-2-[4-(4-bromo-2-fluorobenzyl)piperazinyl]acetamide)(*HCT-116*:GI<sub>50</sub>=0.9  $\mu$ M; *HUH-7*: GI<sub>50</sub>=0.3  $\mu$ M; *MCF-7*: GI<sub>50</sub>=12.2  $\mu$ M) are found to have highest cytotoxic activities in all studied cancer cell lines.

## **Biography:**

Professor Yarim has completed his Ph.D from Hacettepe University and postdoctoral studies from ETH-Zürich. Professor Yarim has studied anticancer drug design and she has authored several peer-reviewed reports. She has served on numerous review committees for the National Science Foundation in Turkey. She has served on the editorial boards for the *Pharmacologia*. She is a member of the QSAR Society.