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Evaluation of the Lipid-lowering, Anti-Inflammatory and Antispasmodic Activities of Melissa Officinalis

Fazouane Fethia*, Lotmani Zineb, Rezzoug Hamida and Boudjema Khaled Food Technology Research Laboratory, University of Boumerdes, Algeria

The aim of this work is the study of the biological properties of Melissa officinalis, a plant harvested in the region of Setif (eastern Algeria); it is known for its many pharmacological properties. The phytochemical study of the leaves revealed the presence in this plant of flavonoids, condensed tannins and triterpenes. Experimentation of lipid-lowering, anti-inflammatory and antispasmodic activities of the aqueous extract of the plant was conducted in mice and rats. Lipid-lowering activity was evaluated by induction of hyperlipidemia in rats on a lipogenic diet containing 10% sheep fat and 20% sunflower oil added to normal food as well as 3% ethanol added. water ad libitum. After 14 days of dieting, the hyperlipidemic rats received M. officinalis extract by gastric gavage at doses of 1g and 2g / kg for 28 days. The anti-inflammatory activity is evaluated by the Writhing test. The results of this work allowed us to affirm that the extract of M. officinalis has very good hypolipidemic and liver-protective properties, an anti-inflammatory activity whose percentage inhibition is 89.02% and an activity antispasmodic with a crampial inhibitory effect of 79.09%.

Keywords: Melissa officinalis; phytochemical screening; lipid-lowering activity; anti-inflammatory activity; antispasmodic activity.